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$$\frac{x}{b-c} = \frac{y}{c-a} = \frac{z}{a-b} = k \quad \text{2332}$$

$$\begin{cases} x = k(b-c) \\ y = k(c-a) \\ z = k(a-b) \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ax + by + cz \\ &= ak(b-c) + bk(c-a) + ck(a-b) \\ &= k(ab - ac + bc - ab + ac - bc) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

成り立つ

84 (1) (右辺) - (左辺)

$$= 2^{a+b} + 1 - 2^a - 2^b$$

$$= (2^a - 1)(2^b - 1)$$

$$\geq 0 \quad (\because 2^a \geq 1, 2^b \geq 1)$$

$$\text{等号成立は } 2^a = 1 \text{ or } 2^b = 1$$

$$\text{すなわち } a=0 \text{ or } b=0 \quad \text{a,b}$$

(2)  $a+b \geq 0, c \geq 0$  のとき (1) より

$$2^{(a+b)+c} + 1 \geq 2^{a+b} + 2^c \quad \text{が成り立つ}$$

$$\therefore 2^{a+b+c} + 2 = 2^{(a+b)+c} + 1 + 1$$

$$\geq 2^{a+b} + 2^c + 1$$

$$\geq 2^a + 2^b + 2^c \quad (\because (1))$$

$$\text{等号成立は } \{a+b=0 \text{ or } c=0\}, \text{ かつ } \{a=0 \text{ or } b=0\}$$

$$\text{すなわち } \{a, b, c \text{ のうち } 2 \text{ つが } 0\}$$

85

(左辺) > 0, (右辺) > 0 のとき (左辺)<sup>2</sup> ≤ (右辺)<sup>2</sup> を示す.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\text{右辺})^2 - (\text{左辺})^2 \\
 &= \frac{1}{3}(x+y+z) - \frac{1}{9}(x+y+z+2\sqrt{xy}+2\sqrt{yz}+2\sqrt{zx}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{9}(2x+2y+2z-2\sqrt{xy}-2\sqrt{yz}-2\sqrt{zx}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{9}\{(x-2\sqrt{xy}+y)+(y-2\sqrt{yz}+z)-(z-2\sqrt{zx}+x)\} \\
 &= \frac{1}{9}\{(\sqrt{x}-\sqrt{y})^2+(\sqrt{y}-\sqrt{z})^2+(\sqrt{z}-\sqrt{x})^2\} \\
 &\geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

等号成立は  $\sqrt{x}=\sqrt{y}$  から  $\sqrt{y}=\sqrt{z}$  から  $\sqrt{z}=\sqrt{x}$   
 すなわち  $x=y=z$  のとき

86

(左辺) > 0, (右辺) > 0 のとき (左辺)<sup>2</sup> < (右辺)<sup>2</sup> を示す

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (\text{右辺})^2 - (\text{左辺})^2 \\
 &= (b-c)^2 - (b-a)^2 \\
 &= -2bc + c^2 + 2ab - a^2 \\
 &= 2b(a-c) - (a+c)(a-c) \\
 &= (a-c)\{2b - (a+c)\} \quad \text{①}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore \frac{1}{b} &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{c}\right) \text{ (*)} \\
 b &= \frac{2ac}{a+c} \text{ 二項平均}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{①} &= (a-c)\left\{\frac{4ac}{a+c} - (a+c)\right\} \\
 &= \frac{a-c}{a+c}\{4ab - (a+c)^2\} \\
 &= \frac{c-a}{a+c}(a^2 - 2ac + c^2) \\
 &= \frac{c-a}{a+c} \cdot (a-c)^2 \\
 &> 0 \quad (\because 0 < a < c)
 \end{aligned}$$

成立す

$$(\text{右辺}) - (\text{左辺})$$

$$= |b-c| - |b-a|$$

$$= c-b - b+a \quad (\because a < b < c)$$

$$= c+a-2b$$

$$= \dots$$

と3項平均より、

$$b = 2 \left( \frac{ab}{a+c} \right)$$

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$$(9x + \frac{1}{y})(4y + \frac{1}{x})$$

$$= 36xy + 9 + 4 + \frac{1}{xy}$$

$$= 36xy + \frac{1}{xy} + 13$$

$xy > 0, \frac{1}{xy} > 0$  のとき相加平均と相乗平均の関係より

$$36xy + \frac{1}{xy} \geq 2\sqrt{36xy \cdot \frac{1}{xy}}$$

$$= 12$$

$$\therefore (9x + \frac{1}{y})(4y + \frac{1}{x}) \geq 12 + 13 = 25$$

$$\therefore \text{A)} \dots 25$$

等号成立は  $36xy = \frac{1}{xy}$  のとき

$$36x^2y^2 = 1$$

$$6xy = 1 \quad (\because xy > 0)$$

$$xy = \frac{1}{6} \quad \text{のとき}$$

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$$\text{i)} \frac{a}{2} + \frac{1}{a} - \sqrt{2}$$

$$= (\sqrt{\frac{a}{2}} + \sqrt{\frac{1}{a}})^2 \quad (\because a > 0)$$

$$> 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{a}{2} + \frac{1}{a} > \sqrt{2}$$

ii)

$$\sqrt{2} - \frac{a+2}{a+1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a+1} (\sqrt{2}a + \sqrt{2} - a - 2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{a+1} \{ (\sqrt{2}-1)a + \sqrt{2}(1-\sqrt{2}) \}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a+1} \cdot (\sqrt{2}-1)(a-\sqrt{2})$$

$$> 0 \quad (\because a > \sqrt{2})$$

$$\therefore \sqrt{2} > \frac{a+2}{a+1}$$

$$\text{i)ii)より} \quad \frac{a+2}{a+1} < \sqrt{2} < \frac{a}{2} + \frac{1}{a}$$

$$a=2 \text{ と } 3 \text{ と } 4$$

$$\frac{4}{3}, \frac{3}{2}, \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{1.33... 1.5 1.41...}$$

89 (1) (左辺) - (右辺)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 2a^4 + 2b^4 - (a^4 + ab^3 + a^3b + b^4) \\
 &= a^4 - a^3b - ab^3 + b^4 \\
 &= (a^3 - b^3)(a - b) \\
 &= (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)(a - b) \\
 &= (a - b)^2 \left\{ \left(a + \frac{b}{2}\right)^2 + \frac{3}{4}b^2 \right\} \geq 0
 \end{aligned}$$

等号成立は  $a = b$  のとき

(2) (左辺) - (右辺)

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= 3(a^4 + b^4 + c^4) - (a^4 + b^4 + c^4 + ab^3 + ac^3 + bc^3 + ba^3 + ca^3 + cb^3) \\
 &= 2a^4 + 2b^4 + 2c^4 - ab^3 - ac^3 - bc^3 - ba^3 - ca^3 - cb^3 \\
 &= (a^4 - a^3b - ab^3 + b^4) + (b^4 - b^3c - bc^3 + c^4) + (c^4 - c^3a - ca^3 + a^4) \\
 &\geq 0 \quad (\because (1) \text{ の証明過程}) \\
 &\text{等号成立は } a = b \text{ かつ } b = c \text{ かつ } c = a \\
 &\text{すなわち } a = b = c \text{ のとき}
 \end{aligned}$$

90 (1) (左辺)  $\geq 0$ , (右辺)  $\geq 0$  より (左辺)<sup>2</sup>  $\geq$  (右辺)<sup>2</sup> となり

$$\begin{aligned}
 &(\text{左辺})^2 - (\text{右辺})^2 \\
 &= (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) - (ax + by + cz)^2 \\
 &= a^2x^2 + a^2y^2 + a^2z^2 + b^2x^2 + b^2y^2 + b^2z^2 + c^2x^2 + c^2y^2 + c^2z^2 \\
 &\quad - a^2x^2 - b^2y^2 - c^2z^2 - 2abxy - 2bcyz - 2cazx \\
 &= (a^2y^2 - 2abxy + b^2x^2) + (b^2y^2 - 2bcyz + c^2z^2) \\
 &\quad + (c^2x^2 - 2cazx + a^2z^2) \\
 &= (ay - bx)^2 + (by - cz)^2 + (cx - az)^2 \\
 &\geq 0 \\
 &\text{等号成立は } ay = bx \text{ かつ } by = cz \text{ かつ } cx = az \text{ のとき}
 \end{aligned}$$

(2) (1) において  $a \rightarrow \sqrt{2}a$ ,  $b \rightarrow \sqrt{3}b$ ,  $c \rightarrow \sqrt{5}c$ ,  
 $x \rightarrow \sqrt{2}$ ,  $y \rightarrow \sqrt{3}$ ,  $z \rightarrow \sqrt{5}$  とし

$$\sqrt{2a^2 + 3b^2 + 5c^2} \cdot \sqrt{2 + 3 + 5} \geq |2a + 3b + 5c|$$

両辺正より 2乗して  $10(2a^2 + 3b^2 + 5c^2) \geq (2a + 3b + 5c)^2$

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$$\begin{cases} a+b = c+d & \textcircled{1} \\ a^2+b^2 = c^2+d^2 & \textcircled{2} \end{cases}$$

$$a^2+b^2 = c^2+d^2 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ 兩邊平方 } a^2+2ab+b^2 = c^2+2cd+d^2$$

$$\textcircled{2} \text{ 減 } \quad 2ab = 2cd$$

$$ab = cd$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ 減 } b = c+d-a \text{ 代入 } \textcircled{2}$$

$$a(c+d-a) = cd$$

$$-a^2+ac+ad-cd=0$$

$$(a-c)(a-d)=0$$

$$a=c \text{ or } a=d$$

$$\text{i) } a=c \text{ or } a=d$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ 減 } b=d$$

$$\text{ii) } a=d \text{ or } a=c$$

$$\textcircled{1} \text{ 減 } b=c$$

$$\text{i) ii) } \begin{cases} a=c \\ b=d \end{cases} \text{ or } \begin{cases} a=d \\ b=c \end{cases}$$

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 $a+b+c > 0$  のとき

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} \geq \frac{9}{a+b+c}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (a+b+c) \left( \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} \right) \geq 9$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\text{左辺}) &= 1 + \frac{a}{b} + \frac{a}{c} + \frac{b}{a} + 1 + \frac{b}{c} + \frac{c}{a} + \frac{c}{b} + 1 \\ &= 3 + \left( \frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{a} \right) + \left( \frac{a}{c} + \frac{c}{a} \right) + \left( \frac{c}{b} + \frac{b}{c} \right) \end{aligned}$$

 $a > 0, b > 0, c > 0$  のとき、相加平均と相乗平均の関係より

$$\begin{cases} \frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{a} \geq 2\sqrt{\frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{b}{a}} = 2 \\ \frac{a}{c} + \frac{c}{a} \geq 2\sqrt{\frac{a}{c} \cdot \frac{c}{a}} = 2 \\ \frac{c}{b} + \frac{b}{c} \geq 2\sqrt{\frac{c}{b} \cdot \frac{b}{c}} = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\therefore (\text{左辺}) \geq 3 + 2 + 2 + 2$$

$$= 9$$

$$\text{等号成立は } \frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{a} \text{ より } \frac{a}{c} = \frac{c}{a} \text{ より } \frac{c}{b} = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$\text{すなわち } a = b = c \text{ のとき}$$